Q1.

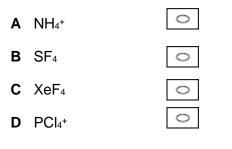
Which molecule is not able to form a co-ordinate bond with another species?



(Total 1 mark)

Q2.

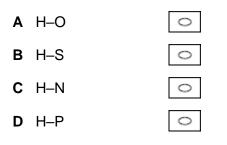
Which species has a square planar shape?



(Total 1 mark)

Q3.

Which bond has the most unsymmetrical electron distribution?



Q4.

Which statement about inorganic ionic compounds is **always** correct?

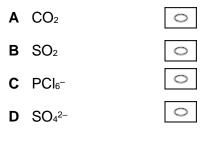
- A They dissolve in water to give neutral solutions.
- **B** They release energy when they melt.
- **C** They contain metal cations.
- **D** They form giant structures.



(Total 1 mark)

Q5.

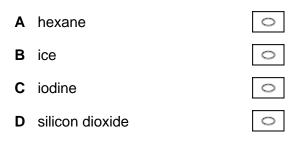
Which species has a lone pair of electrons on the central atom?



(Total	1	mark)
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Q6.

In which substance do covalent bonds break when it melts?



Q7.

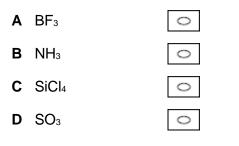
In which molecule are all the atoms in the same plane?

Α	CH₃CHO	$^{\circ}$
В	CH ₃ NH ₂	$^{\circ}$
С	C ₆ H₅CI	$^{\circ}$
D	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₃	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q8.

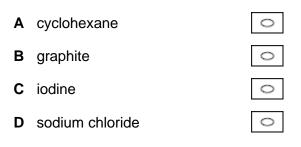
Which molecule has a permanent dipole?



(Total 1 mark)

Q9.

Which substance contains delocalised electrons?



Q10.

Which species contains bonds that have different polarities?

Α	NH4 ⁺	0
В	CCI ₄	0
С	CH₃CI	0
D	H₃O+	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q11.

Which compound has hydrogen bonding?

A	NaH	0
В	NH ₃	0
С	н	$^{\circ}$
D	SiH ₄	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q12.

Which compound contains a co-ordinate bond?

Α	HF	0
В	NH_3	0
С	CHCI ₃	0
D	NH₄CI	$^{\circ}$

Q13.

Which molecule has a permanent dipole?

Α	CF ₄	0
В	PCI ₅	0
С	CO ₂	0
D	Cl ₂ O	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q14.

Which has a bond angle of 109.5°?

Α	C (diamond)	$^{\circ}$
В	C (graphite)	$^{\circ}$
С	NH₂ [−]	\circ
D	NH ₃	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q15.

Which substance has delocalised electrons?

AgraphiteBiodineCsodium chlorideDtetrachloromethane

Q16.

Which species is not pyramidal in shape?

Α	PF ₃	\circ
В	H ₃ O ⁺	0
С	CH₃⁻	0
D	BF₃	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q17.

Which change occurs when water is vaporised?

- A An exothermic change occurs.
- **B** Covalent bonds are broken.
- **C** Intermolecular forces are overcome.
- **D** The total energy of the molecules decreases.

(Total	1	mark)
(i Otai		many

 $^{\circ}$

0

 $^{\circ}$

Q18.

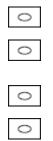
Which compound has the highest boiling point?

 A
 CH₃CH₂CH₂Br
 Image: CH_3CH_2CH_2F
 Image: CH_3CH_2CHO
 Image: CH_3CH_2CHO
 Image: CH_3CH_2COOH
 Image:

Q19.

Which is not responsible for conduction of electricity?

- A The sodium ions in molten sodium chloride
- **B** The electrons between layers of carbon atoms in graphite
- **C** The bonding electrons in a metal
- D The lone pair electrons on water molecules



(Total 1 mark)

Q20.

Which row shows the bonding in ammonium chloride?

	Covalent	Dative covalent	lonic	
Α	\checkmark	X	×	0
в	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	0
С	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	0
D	X	×	\checkmark	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q21.

Which molecule does not have a permanent dipole?

 A
 CH₃Br
 ○

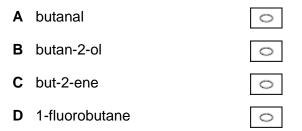
 B
 CH₂Br₂
 ○

 C
 CHBr₃
 ○

 D
 CBr₄
 ○

Q22.

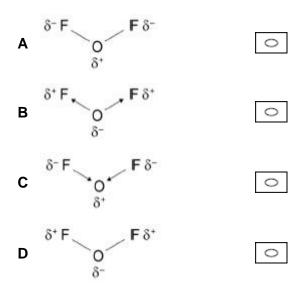
Which compound has the highest boiling point?



(Total 1 mark)

Q23.

Which diagram shows the correct bonding and correct bond polarity in a molecule of oxygen difluoride?





Q24.

Which species has a shape that is influenced by the presence of one or more lone pairs of electrons around the central atom?



Q25.

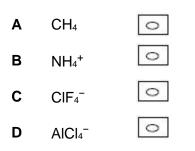
Which is the correct crystal structure for the substance named?

	Substance	Structure	
Α	lodine	Simple molecular	0
В	Diamond	lonic	0
С	Sodium chloride	Giant covalent	0
D	Graphite	Metallic	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q26.

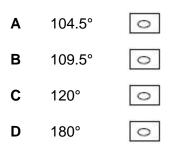
Which species has one or more bond angle(s) of 90°?



(Total 1 mark)

Q27.

Which is the most likely bond angle around the oxygen atom in ethanol?



Q28.

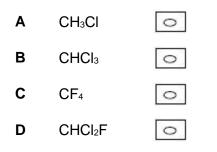
Which compound has the highest boiling point?

Α	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH	0
В	CH₃CH₂CHO	0
С	CH ₃ COCH ₃	0
D	CH ₃ COOCH ₃	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q29.

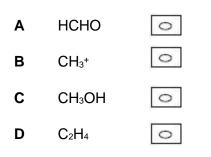
Which molecule does not have a permanent dipole?



(Total 1 mark)

Q30.

Which of these species is not planar?



Q31.

Which of these statements best describes a dative covalent bond?

- A A pair of electrons shared between two atoms where each atom has donated one electron.
- **B** A pair of electrons shared between two atoms where one atom has donated two electrons.
- **C** Two pairs of electrons shared between two atoms where each atom has donated one electron.
- **D** Two pairs of electrons shared between two atoms where each atom has donated two electrons.

(Total 1 mark)

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

Q32.

Which molecule is the least polar?

Α	Bromomethane	0
В	Dibromomethane	0
С	Tribromomethane	0
D	Tetrabromomethane	0

(Total 1 mark)

Q33.

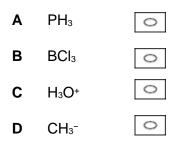
Which statement about intermolecular forces is not correct?

- A Intermolecular forces exist between all simple molecules.
- B Hydrogen bonding occurs between HBr molecules.
- **c** Hydrogen bonding is the strongest intermolecular force in liquid ethanol.
- D Hydrogen bonds occur between C=O and H-N in proteins.



Q34.

Which of these species has a trigonal planar structure?



(Total 1 mark)

Q35.

Use your understanding of intermolecular forces to predict which of these compounds has the highest boiling point.

HF	0
HCI	0
HBr	0
н	0
	HCI HBr

(Total 1 mark)

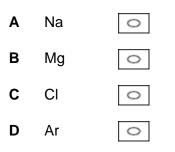
Q36.

Which type of bond is formed between N and B when a molecule of NH_3 reacts with a molecule of BF_3 ?



Q37.

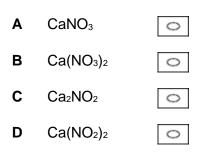
Which of these atoms has the highest electronegativity?



(Total 1 mark)

Q38.

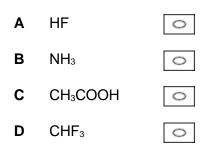
What is the formula of calcium nitrate(V)?



(Total 1 mark)

Q39.

Which of these substances does not show hydrogen bonding?



Q40.

Which of these substances has permanent dipole-dipole attractions between molecules?

